

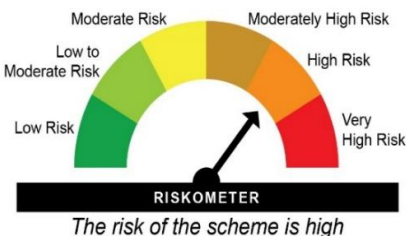
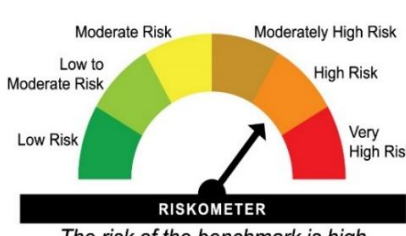
KEY INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

HDFC Gold ETF

(Formerly known as HDFC Gold Exchange Traded Fund)

An open ended scheme replicating / tracking performance of Gold

BSE Scrip Code: 533230, NSE Symbol: HDFCGOLD

| This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*: | Scheme Riskometer# | Benchmark Riskometer# |
|--|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Returns that are commensurate with the performance of gold, subject to tracking errors, over long term. Investment in gold bullion of 0.995 fineness. |  | <p>Domestic Price of Physical Gold</p>  |
| <p>*Investors should consult their financial advisers, if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.</p> <p>#As on September 30, 2025. For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com</p> | | |

Continuous Offer of Units in Creation Unit Size at Intra-day NAV based prices

The units of the Scheme are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE). All investors including Market Makers and Large Investors can subscribe (buy)/redeem (sell) units on a continuous basis on the NSE/BSE on which the Units are listed during the trading hours on all the trading days. In addition, Market Makers and Large Investors can directly subscribe to/redeem units of the Scheme on all Business Days with the Fund in 'Creation Unit Size' at Intra-day NAV based prices on an ongoing basis.

| | |
|--|---|
| <p style="text-align: center;">Name of Mutual Fund (Fund): HDFC Mutual Fund Name of Asset Management Company (AMC): HDFC Asset Management Company Limited Name of Trustee Company: HDFC Trustee Company Limited Address of the entities:</p> | |
| <p>Asset Management Company (AMC): HDFC Asset Management Company Limited Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-166, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. CIN No: L65991MH1999PLC123027</p> | <p>Trustee Company: HDFC Trustee Company Limited Registered Office: HDFC House, 2nd Floor, H.T. Parekh Marg, 165-166, Backbay Reclamation, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. CIN No. U65991MH1999PLC123026</p> |

Website of the entities:
www.hdfcfund.com

This Key Information Memorandum (KIM) sets forth the information, which a prospective investor ought to know before investing. **For further details of the scheme/Mutual Fund, due diligence certificate by the AMC, Key Personnel, investors' rights & services, risk factors, penalties & pending litigations etc. investors should, before investment, refer to the Scheme Information Document ("SID") and Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") available free of cost at any of the Investor Service Centres or distributors or from the website www.hdfcfund.com.**

The Scheme particulars have been prepared in accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996 ("SEBI (MF) Regulations"), as amended till date, and filed with Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or disapproved by SEBI, nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of this KIM.

This Key Information Memorandum is dated November 21, 2025.

1. Name of Scheme

HDFC Gold ETF (HGETF)

2. Type of Scheme

An open ended scheme replicating / tracking performance of Gold.

3. Category of Scheme

Exchange Traded Fund

4. SEBI Scheme Code

HDFC/O/O/GET/10/06/0019

5. Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate returns that are in line with the performance of gold, subject to tracking errors.

There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

6. Asset Allocation Pattern of the Scheme

| Instruments | Indicative allocations (% of total assets) | |
|--|--|--------------------|
| | Minimum Allocation | Maximum Allocation |
| Gold# | 95 | 100 |
| Debt Securities and Money Market Instruments | 0 | 5 |

#includes physical Gold and other Gold related instruments^ which may be permitted by Regulator from time to time.

The cumulative gross exposure through debt, derivative positions (including commodity derivatives as and when permitted under the Scheme), repo transactions in corporate debt securities, other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Short Term Deposits placed as margin will be covered in exposure to cash and cash equivalent.

^The Scheme may invest in Gold Monetisation scheme of banks notified by RBI and as per clause 3.2 of Master Circular which may be amended from time to time.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

| Sr. No | Type of Instrument | Percentage of exposure | Circular references |
|--------|---|--|---|
| 1. | Repo/ Reverse Repo / Tri-Party repos (TREPS) on Government Securities and Treasury Bills (G-Secs and T-Bills) | To meet liquidity requirements or pending deployment as per regulatory limits | Clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI Mutual Fund Regulation |
| 2. | Repo in permitted corporate debt securities | Upto 10% of the net assets | Clause 12.18 of Master Circular |
| 3. | Short Term deposits | As per regulatory limits | Clause 8 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI Mutual Fund Regulation and Clause 12.16 of Master Circular |
| 4. | Mutual Fund Units | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As per regulatory limits Upto 5% of the net assets of the Mutual Fund (i.e. across all the schemes of the Fund) | Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI Mutual Fund Regulation |

The Scheme will not make any investment in-

| Sr. No | Types of Instruments |
|--------|---|
| 1. | Debt Derivatives |
| 2. | Foreign Debt Securities |
| 3. | Credit Default Swaps |
| 4. | Short Selling |
| 5. | Bespoke or complex debt products such as Securitised Debt, Structured obligations (SO rating) and/or credit enhanced debt (CE rating), Securities with special features such as Debt instruments having special features viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and/or convertible to equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption |
| 6. | Unlisted debt instrument |
| 7. | Inter scheme transactions i.e. transfers |

| Sr. No | Types of Instruments |
|--------|---|
| 8. | Unrated debt and money market instruments (except G-Secs, T-Bills and other money market instruments) |

Change in Asset Allocation Pattern / Portfolio Rebalancing

The Scheme, out of the funds allocated shall primarily invest in Gold (includes physical Gold and other Gold related instruments which may be permitted by Regulator from time to time) and shall invest in debt and money market securities, only to the extent necessary to meet the liquidity requirements for honouring repurchase / redemptions / expenses.

Expectation is that, over a period of time, the tracking error of the Scheme relative to the performance of the Underlying commodity will be relatively low. The AMC would monitor the tracking error of the Scheme on an ongoing basis and would seek to minimize tracking error to the maximum extent possible.

The tracking error i.e. the standard deviation of the difference in daily returns between the Scheme and the underlying commodity annualized over 1 year period based on past one year rolling data shall not exceed 2%. In case of unavoidable circumstances in the nature of force majeure, which are beyond the control of the AMCs, the tracking error may exceed 2% and the same shall be brought to the notice of Trustees with corrective actions taken by the AMC, if any.

In case the Scheme is in existence for a period of less than one year, the annualized standard deviation shall be calculated based on available data.

The Scheme shall disclose the tracking error based on past one year rolling data, on a daily basis, on the website of the AMC and AMFI.

Upon completion of 1 year of the Scheme, tracking difference i.e. the difference of returns between the Scheme and the commodity, annualized over 1 year, 3 year, 5 year, 10 year and since the scheme inception period shall be disclosed on the website of the AMC and AMFI, on a monthly basis.

Subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions may vary substantially depending upon the perception of the AMC, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. As per clause 1.14.1.2.b of Master Circular, such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term and only for defensive considerations.

7. Investment Strategy

The investment objective of the Scheme is to generate returns that are in line with the performance of Gold, subject to tracking error.

The Scheme may invest in Gold and Gold related instruments (including derivatives, Sovereign Gold Bonds etc. as and when SEBI / RBI permits) and intends to track the spot price of Gold. Investment in Debt securities and money market instruments will be as per the limits in the asset allocation table of the Scheme, subject to permissible limits laid under SEBI (MF) Regulations.

Investment in debt securities will be guided by credit quality, liquidity, interest rates and their outlook.

The Scheme may also invest in the debt schemes of Mutual Funds.

Though every endeavour will be made to achieve the objective of the Scheme, the AMC/Sponsor/Trustee do not guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved. No guaranteed returns are being offered under the Scheme.

8. Risk Profile of the Scheme

Mutual Fund Units involve investment risks including the possible loss of principal. Please read the details on risk factors carefully before investment. Scheme specific Risk Factors are summarized below:

▪ **Scheme Specific Risk Factors**

The Scheme is subject to the specific risks that may adversely affect the Scheme's NAV, return and / or ability to meet its investment objective.

The specific risk factors related to the Scheme include, but are not limited to the following:

1. Risk factors associated with investing in Gold and Gold related instruments:

- **Market Risk:** The value of the Units relates directly to the value of the Gold held by the Scheme and fluctuations in the price of Gold could adversely affect investment value of the Units. The factors that may effect the price of Gold, inter-alia, include economic and political developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in bullion prices, exchange rates, inflation trends, market movements, etc.
- **Currency Risk:** The formula for determining NAV of the Units is based on the imported (landed) value of Gold. The landed value of Gold is computed by multiplying international market price by US dollar value. The value of Gold or NAV, therefore will depend upon the conversion value of US dollar into Indian rupee and attracts all the risks attached to such conversion.
- **Counter party Risk:** There is no Exchange for physical Gold in India. The Scheme may have to buy or sell Gold from the open market, which may lead to counter party risks for the Scheme for trading and settlement.
- **Asset Class Risk:** The returns from physical Gold in which the Scheme invests may underperform returns from other securities or asset classes.
- **Physical Gold:** There is a risk that part or all of the Scheme's Gold could be lost, damaged or stolen. Access to the Scheme's Gold could also be restricted by natural events or human actions. Any of these actions may have adverse impact on the operations of the Scheme and consequently on investment/redemption in Units.
- **Liquidity Risk:** The Scheme may retain certain investments in cash or cash equivalents for its day-to-day liquidity requirements. The Scheme has to sell Gold only to bullion bankers/traders who are authorized to buy Gold. Though, there are adequate numbers of players (commercial or bullion bankers) to whom the Scheme can sell Gold, the Scheme

may have to resort to distress sale of Gold if there is no or low demand for Gold to meet its cash needs of redemption or expenses.

The Trustee, in general interest of the Unit holders of the Scheme offered under this Scheme Information Document and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units, which can be redeemed on any Business Day.

- **Regulatory Risk:** Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of Market Makers to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/discount to NAV. Any changes in the regulations relating to import and export of Gold or Gold jewellery (including customs duty, sales tax and any such other statutory levies) may affect the ability of the Scheme to buy/sell Gold against the purchase and redemption requests received.
- **Passive Investments:** The Scheme is not actively managed. The performance of the Scheme may be affected by a general price decline in the Gold prices. The Scheme invests in the physical Gold regardless of their investment merit. The AMC does not attempt to take defensive positions in declining markets.
- **Indirect taxation:** For the valuation of Gold by the Scheme, indirect taxes like customs duty, VAT, etc. would also be considered. Hence, any change in the rates of indirect taxation/applicable taxes would affect the valuation of the Scheme.
- **Operational Risk:** Gold Exchange Traded Funds (GETFs) are relatively new products and their value could decrease if unanticipated operational or trading problems arise. HDFC Gold ETF, an open ended Exchange Traded Fund, is therefore subject to operational risks. In addition, investors should be aware that there is no assurance that Gold will maintain its long-term value in terms of purchasing power. In the event that the price of Gold declines, the value of investment in Units is expected to decline proportionately.
- **Redemption Risk:** Though this is an open-ended scheme, the Scheme would ordinarily repurchase Units in Creation Unit Size. Thus, Unit holding less than Creation Unit Size can only be sold through the secondary market on the Exchange. Further, the price received upon the redemption of Units of the Scheme may be less than the value of the underlying commodity represented by them.
If on any day the requisite price as specified under the Regulations or the currency exchange rate is not available due to holiday(s) etc., then the immediately previous day's prices / rates shall be applied for the purpose of calculating the value of the underlying commodity.
Hence the NAV so computed may vary from the price of the underlying commodity in the domestic market.
- HDFC Gold ETF (HGETF) is a passively managed fund that shall be investing substantial portion of its assets in physical Gold and tracking its performance to the price of Gold. Therefore, irrespective of decline/rise in prices of physical Gold, HGETF shall remain invested in Gold and being a passively managed fund, no active calls based on outlook of Gold prices will be taken by the Fund.
- Investments by the Scheme are subject to availability of Gold. If favourable investment opportunities do not exist or opportunities have notably diminished, the scheme may suspend accepting fresh subscriptions.

- Performance of the Scheme may be affected by political, social and economic developments, which may include changes in government policies, diplomatic conditions, taxation and other policies.

2. Risk Factors Associated with Lending of physical Gold:

The physical Gold lending activity by Scheme will have the inherent probability of collateral value drastically falling in time of strong downward market trends resulting in inadequate value of collateral. It is also possible that the borrowing party and/or the approved intermediary may suddenly suffer severe business setback and become unable to honor its commitments. This along with a simultaneous fall in value of collateral would render potential loss to the Scheme. Also, the risk could be in the form of non-availability of ready physical Gold for sale, during the period physical Gold is lent. Physical Gold would be lent if permitted by the concerned regulatory authorities in India.

3. Market Trading Risks:

- Although Units of Scheme described in this Scheme Information Document are listed/to be listed on the Exchange, there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will be developed or be maintained.
- Trading in Units of the Scheme on the Exchange may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of the Exchange Authorities or SEBI, trading in Units of the Scheme is not advisable. In addition, trading in Units of the Scheme is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to the Exchange and SEBI 'circuit filter' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of Units of the Scheme will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.
- Any changes in trading regulations by the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of market maker to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV.
- The Units of the Scheme may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of the Scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of Scheme's holdings. The trading prices of Units of the Scheme will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand for the Units of the Scheme.
- The Units will be issued only in demat form through depositories. The records of the depository are final with respect to the number of Units available to the credit of Unit holder. Settlement of trades, repurchase of Units by the Mutual Fund during liquidity window depends upon the confirmations to be received from depository(ies) on which the Mutual Fund has no control.
- Governments, central banks and related institutions worldwide, own a significant portion of the aggregate world Gold holdings. If one or more of these institutions decides to sell in amounts large enough to cause a decline in world Gold prices, the price of Units of the Scheme will be adversely affected.
- The Scheme provides for the creation and redemption of Units in Creation Unit Size directly with the Fund and therefore, it is expected that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of the Units of the Scheme will not sustain due to arbitrage opportunity available.
- Conversion of underlying physical Gold into the Units of the Scheme may attract capital gain tax depending on acquisition cost and holding period.

4. Risk factors associated with investing in Fixed Income Securities

- The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Scheme, to the extent invested in Debt and Money Market instruments, will be affected by changes in the general level of interest rates. The NAV of the

Scheme is expected to increase from a fall in interest rates while it would be adversely affected by an increase in the level of interest rates.

- Money market instruments, while fairly liquid, lack a well developed secondary market, which may restrict the selling ability of the Scheme and may lead to the Scheme incurring losses till the security is finally sold.
- Investments in money market instruments involve credit risk commensurate with short term rating of the issuers.
- Investment in Debt instruments are subject to varying degree of credit risk or default (i.e. the risk of an issuer's inability to meet interest or principal payments on its obligations) or any other issues, which may have their credit ratings downgraded. Changes in financial conditions of an issuer, changes in economic and political conditions in general, or changes in economic or and political conditions specific to an issuer, all of which are factors that may have an adverse impact on an issuer's credit quality and security values. This may increase the risk of the portfolio. The Investment Manager will endeavour to manage credit risk through in-house credit analysis.
- **Prepayment Risk:** Certain fixed income securities give an issuer the right to call back its securities before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such prepayment may force the Scheme to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, resulting in lower interest income for the Scheme.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Scheme are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.
- **Settlement risk:** Different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are uninvested and no return is earned thereon. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's portfolio, due to the absence of a well developed and liquid secondary market for debt securities, may result at times in potential losses to the Scheme in the event of a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme's portfolio.
- Government securities where a fixed return is offered run price-risk like any other fixed income security. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. The new level of interest rate is determined by the rates at which government raises new money and/or the price levels at which the market is already dealing in existing securities. The price-risk is not unique to Government Securities. It exists for all fixed income securities. However, Government Securities are unique in the sense that their credit risk generally remains zero. Therefore, their prices are influenced only by movement in interest rates in the financial system.
- The AMC may, considering the overall level of risk of the portfolio, invest in lower rated securities offering higher yields as well as zero coupon securities that offer attractive yields. This may increase the absolute level of risk of the portfolio.
- As zero coupon securities do not provide periodic interest payments to the holder of the security, these securities are more sensitive to changes in interest rates and are subject to issuer default risk. Therefore, the interest rate risk of zero coupon securities is higher. The AMC may choose to invest in zero coupon securities that offer attractive yields. This may increase the risk of the portfolio. Zero coupon or deep discount bonds are debt obligations that

do not entitle the holder to any periodic payment of interest prior to maturity or a specified date when the securities begin paying current interest and therefore, are generally issued and traded at a discount to their face values. The discount depends on the time remaining until maturity or the date when securities begin paying current interest. It also varies depending on the prevailing interest rates, liquidity of the security and the perceived credit risk of the Issuer. The market prices of zero coupon securities are generally more volatile than the market prices of securities that pay interest periodically.

- The Scheme's performance may differ from the benchmark index to the extent of the investments held in the debt segment, as per the investment pattern indicated under normal circumstances.
- The Scheme at times may receive large number of redemption requests, leading to an asset-liability mismatch and therefore, requiring the investment manager to make a distress sale of the securities leading to realignment of the portfolio and consequently resulting in investment in lower yield instruments.

5. Risks associated with investment in unlisted securities: Except for any security of an associate or group company, the scheme can invest in securities which are not listed on a stock exchange ("unlisted Securities") which in general are subject to greater price fluctuations, less liquidity and greater risk than those which are traded in the open market.

6. Risk factors associated with investment in Tri-Party Repo

The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Triparty Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus, reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. The members are required to contribute an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL).

As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus, the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

CCIL shall maintain two separate Default Funds in respect of its Securities Segment, one with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades. The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

7. Risk factors associated for investments in Mutual Fund Schemes

1. Movements in the Net Asset Value (NAV) of these Schemes may impact the performance. Any change in the investment policies or fundamental attributes of these Schemes will affect the performance of the Scheme to the extent of investment in such schemes.
2. Redemptions by in these Schemes would be subject to applicable exit loads.

8. Risk factors associated with Repo in permitted Corporate Debt Securities

In repo transactions, also known as a repo or sale repurchase agreement, securities are sold with the seller agreeing to buy them back at later date. The repurchase price should be greater than the original sale price, the difference effectively representing interest. A repo in corporate debt securities is economically similar to a secured loan, with the buyer receiving corporate debt securities as collateral to protect against default. Some of the risks associated with repo in corporate debt are given below:

Counterparty Risk: Counterparty risk refers to the inability of the seller to meet the obligation to buy back securities at the contracted price on the contracted date. In case of over the counter (OTC) repo trades, the investment manager will endeavour to manage counterparty risk by dealing only with counterparties having strong credit profiles. Also, the counter-party risk is to an extent mitigated by taking collateral equivalent in value to the transaction after knocking off a minimum haircut on the intrinsic value of the collateral. In the event of default by the repo counterparty, the scheme shall have recourse to the corporate debt securities. In case the repo transaction is executed on exchange platform approved by RBI/SEBI, the exchange may also provide settlement guarantee.

Collateral Risk: Collateral risk arises when the market value of the securities is inadequate to meet the repo obligations. This risk can be partly mitigated by restricting participation in repo transactions only in corporate debt securities which are approved by credit risk team. Additionally, to address the risk related to reduction in market value of corporate debt security held as collateral due to credit rating downgrade, the repo contract can incorporate either an early termination of the repo agreement or call for fresh margin to meet the minimum haircut requirement or call for replacement of security with eligible security. Moreover, the investment manager may apply a higher haircut on the underlying security than required as per RBI/SEBI regulation to adjust for the illiquidity and interest rate risk on the underlying instrument. To mitigate the risk of price reduction due to interest rate changes, the adequacy of the collateral can be monitored on a daily basis by considering the daily market value & applying the prescribed haircut. The fund manager or the exchange can then arrange for additional collateral from the counterparty, within a prespecified period. If the counterparty is not able to top-up either in form of cash / collateral, it would tantamount to early termination of the repo agreement, and the outstanding amount can be recovered by sale of collateral.

For details on risk mitigation measures, please refer SID.

9. Plans/ Options

Presently the Scheme does not offer any Plans/Options for investment.

However, the AMC/Trustee reserve the right to introduce investment Plans/Options under the Scheme at a future date in accordance with SEBI (MF) Regulations.

The AMC/Trustee also reserves the right to discontinue/withdraw any option/investment plan, if deemed fit.

10. Applicable NAV (after the scheme opens for subscriptions and redemptions)

a) In case of Purchase/Redemption directly with Mutual Fund (By Market Makers and Large Investors):

The provisions for Cut-off timings for NAV applicability will not be applicable for direct transaction with the Fund.

b) In case of Redemption directly with the Mutual Fund during Liquidity Window:

The Cut-off time for receipt of valid application for Redemptions directly with the Fund during Liquidity Window is 3.00 p.m. Valid applications received by the fund upto the cut-off time will be processed on the basis of the closing NAV of the day of receipt of request and for valid applications received after cut-off time, the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable.

In case of Purchase / Redemption (sale) of units on the Exchanges:

An investor can buy/sell Units on a continuous basis on the NSE and BSE on which the Units are listed during the trading hours on all trading days like any other publicly traded stock at prices which may be close to the NAV of the Scheme. Therefore, the provisions of Cut-off timing for subscriptions/redemptions will not be applicable.

c) Settlement of Purchase/Sale of Units of the Scheme on NSE/BSE

Buying/Selling of Units of the Scheme on NSE/BSE is just like buying/selling any other normal listed security. If an investor has bought Units, an investor has to pay the purchase amount to the broker/sub-broker such that the amount paid is realised before the funds pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the Stock Exchange(s). If an investor has sold Units, an investor has to deliver the Units to the broker/sub-broker before the securities pay-in day of the settlement cycle on the Stock Exchange(s). The Units (in the case of Units bought) and the funds (in the case of Units sold) are paid out to the broker on the pay-out day of the settlement cycle on the Stock Exchange(s). The Stock Exchange(s) regulations stipulate that the trading member should pay the money or Units to the investor within 24 hours of the pay-out.

If an investor has bought Units, he should give standing instructions for 'Delivery-In' to his/her/its DP for accepting Units in his/her/its beneficiary account. An investor should give the details of his/her beneficiary account and the DP-ID of his/her/its DP to his/her/its trading member. The trading member will transfer the Units directly to his/her/its beneficiary account on receipt of the same from NSE's/BSE's Clearing Corporation.

An investor who has sold Units should instruct his/her/its Depository Participant (DP) to give 'Delivery Out' instructions to transfer the Units from his/her/its beneficiary account to the Pool Account of his/her/its trading member through whom he/she/it have sold the Units. The details of the Pool A/C (CM-BP-ID) of his/her trading member to which the Units are to be transferred, Unit quantity etc. should be mentioned in the Delivery Out instructions given by him/her to the DP. The instructions should be given well before the prescribed securities pay-in day. SEBI has advised that the Delivery Out instructions should be given at least 24 hours prior to the cut-off time for the prescribed securities pay-in to avoid any rejection of instructions due to data entry errors, network problems, etc.

d) Rolling Settlement

As per the SEBI's circular dated September 7, 2021, the rolling settlement on T+1 on optional basis shall come into force with effect from January 01, 2022. The same is applicable for all trades from January 27, 2023 onwards. The Pay-in and Pay-out of funds and the Units will take place within 1 working days after the trading date.

The pay-in and pay-out days for funds and securities are prescribed as per the Settlement Cycle. A typical Settlement Cycle of Rolling Settlement is given below:

Day Activity

| | |
|-------|---|
| T | The day on which the transaction is executed by a trading member |
| T + 1 | Confirmation of all trades including custodial trades by 7.30 a.m. |
| T + 1 | Processing and downloading of obligation files to brokers/custodians by 1.00 p.m. |
| T + 1 | Pay-in of funds and securities by 10:50 am for Funds & 10:30 am for Securities |
| T + 1 | Pay out of funds and securities by 3 pm / as and when received from exchange |

While calculating the days from the Trading day (Day T), weekend days (i.e. Saturday and Sundays) and bank holidays are not taken into consideration.

The AMC has the right to amend cut off timings subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations for the smooth and efficient functioning of the Scheme.

e) Indicative NAV (iNAV):

Indicative NAV (iNAV) is the 'per unit NAV' based on the current market value of Scheme's portfolio during the trading hours of the ETF. iNAVs shall be disclosed on a continuous basis on Stock Exchange (s), where the units of the ETF are listed and traded during the trading hours and shall be updated based on the latest available data for Gold. Accordingly, iNAV disclosed for the Scheme may either be static or dynamic depending upon the availability of the underlying price.

iNAV will not have any bearing on the creation or redemption of units directly with the Fund by the Market Makers / Large Investors/ Regulated Entities.

11. Minimum Application Amount / Number of Units (For Purchase / Additional Purchase/ Redemption)

On an On-going Basis:

A. On the Stock Exchange: Investors (including Market Makers and Large Investors):

All categories of investors may purchase the Units of the Scheme through the Stock Exchange(s) on which the units of the Scheme are listed, on any trading day in round lot of one (1) Unit and multiples thereof at prices which are quoted on the exchanges.

Note: Allotment of units will be done after deduction of applicable stamp duty, if any.

B. Directly with the Fund: Market Makers/Large Investors:

On an ongoing basis, Market Makers and Large Investors* may approach the Fund directly for subscription / redemption of units of the ETF at the Intra-Day NAV in multiples of Creation Unit size. Additionally, the transaction handling charges, if any, will have to be borne by the Market Maker/Large Investor.

*The minimum application amount for Large Investors shall be Rs. 25 Crores[^] (apart from the requirement of the application being in multiples of Creation Unit Size).

[^]For Large investors viz.: a) Schemes managed by Employee Provident Fund Organisation, India and b) Recognised Provident Funds, approved gratuity funds and approved superannuation funds under Income tax Act, 1961, the minimum amount of Rs. 25 crores will not apply until February 28, 2026 or such other timeline as may be specified by SEBI.

Market Makers: Application for subscription of HDFC Gold ETF (HGEFT) Units directly with the Fund in Creation Unit Size at Intra-day NAV based prices in exchange of (i) Cash and Cash Component or (ii) Portfolio Deposit and Cash Component.

Large Investors / Regulated Entities: Application for subscription of HGEFT Units directly with the Fund in Creation Unit Size at Intra-day NAV based prices by payment of requisite Cash and Cash Component as determined by the AMC only by means of payment instruction of Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS)/National Electronic Funds Transfer (NEFT) or Funds Transfer Letter/Transfer Cheque of a bank where the Scheme has a collection account.

Redemption of Units in Creation Unit Size will be allowed by means of exchange of Portfolio Deposit i.e. Withdrawal or in Cash.

Each "Creation Unit" consists of 1,20,000 Units of the Scheme. Each Unit of the Scheme will be approximately equal to 0.01 gram of Gold. The value of the "Creation Unit" is 1 kilogram of physical Gold or in multiple thereof called as the "Portfolio Deposit" and a "Cash Component" which will be exchanged for 1,20,000 Units of the Scheme. The Fund may from time to time change the size of the Creation Unit as per regulatory requirements.

Redemption directly with the Fund during Liquidity Window:

Investors can directly approach the AMC for redemption of units of ETFs, for transactions of upto Rs. 25 Crores without any exit load, in case of the following scenarios:

- i. Traded price (closing price) of the ETF units is at discount of more than 1% to the day end NAV for 7 continuous trading days, or
- ii. No quotes for such ETFs are available on stock exchange(s) for 3 consecutive trading days, or
- iii. Total bid size on the exchange is less than half of Creation Units Size daily, averaged over a period of 7 consecutive trading days.

Such instances shall be tracked by the AMC on an ongoing basis and in case any of the above mentioned scenario arises, the same shall be disclosed on the website of the Mutual Fund.

In the event of above, valid applications received by the fund upto the cut-off time will be processed on the basis of the closing NAV of the day of receipt of request and for valid applications received after cut-off time, the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable.

12. Despatch of Redemption Request

Within 3 working days of the receipt of valid redemption request at the Official Points of Acceptance of HDFC Mutual Fund for this Scheme or within such timelines as may be prescribed by SEBI / AMFI from time to time in case of exceptional circumstances or otherwise.

13. Benchmark Index

Domestic Price of Physical Gold

14. Dividend / IDCW Policy

Not Applicable as Scheme currently does not offer IDCW Option.

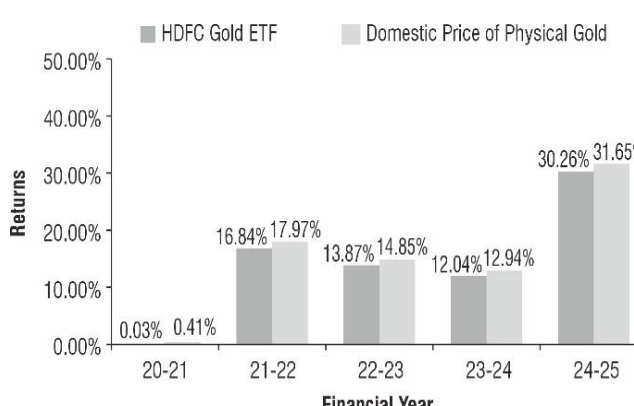
15. Name of the Fund Manager and tenure of managing the Scheme (As on September 30, 2025)

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| Bhagyesh Kagalkar | 3 Years & 7 Months |
|-------------------|--------------------|

16. Name of the Trustee Company

HDFC Trustee Company Limited

17. Performance of the Scheme (as at September 30, 2025)

| HDFC Gold ETF | | | Absolute returns for each financial year for last 5 years^ | |
|--|--------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | | |  | |
| Period | Returns (%)^ | Benchmark Returns (%)# | | |
| Last 1 Year | 51.01 | 52.94 | | |
| Last 3 Years | 30.23 | 31.62 | | |
| Last 5 Years | 16.86 | 17.89 | | |
| Since Inception* | 11.88 | 12.82 | | |
| <p>^ Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future</p> <p><i>Returns greater than one year are compounded annualized (CAGR).</i></p> <p><i>* Inception Date:13-8-10</i></p> <p><i># Domestic Price of Physical Gold</i></p> <p><i>Since inception returns are calculated on Rs. 18.0033 (allotment price).</i></p> | | | | |

For Riskometer of Scheme and Benchmark, kindly refer cover page.

18. Additional Scheme related Disclosures

- **Scheme's portfolio holdings** - <https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/portfolio/monthly-portfolio>
- **Exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors** - In monthly Portfolio above or in Factsheet. To view scheme factsheets, [Factsheet - HDFC Mutual Fund \(hdfcfund.com\)](https://www.hdfcfund.com/factsheet) - **Not Applicable for this Scheme**
- **Portfolio Disclosure –**
Monthly - <https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/portfolio/monthly-portfolio>
Half yearly - <https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/scheme-financials>
- **Portfolio Turnover Ratio (September 30, 2025) - Not Applicable for this Scheme.**

19. Expenses of the Scheme

1. Load Structure

Exit Load: Not Applicable

The Trustee reserves the right to change/modify the load structure from a prospective date.

The AMC/ Trustee if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the Mutual Fund reserves the right to introduce/modify the Load Structure depending upon the circumstances prevailing at that time subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI (MF) Regulations.

2. Recurring Expenses (% p.a. of daily Net Assets)

Maximum Total Expense Ratio under Regulation 52 (6):

The AMC has estimated that upto 1.00% of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses.

Actual expenses (inclusive of GST on Management fees and additional TER) for the previous financial year ended September 30, 2025 (Audited): 0.59% p.a.

For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund. Click here for Total Expense Ratio (TER) - <https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/total-expense-ratio-of-mutual-fund-schemes/reports>

[Click here for factsheet – https://www.hdfcfund.com/investor-services/factsheets](https://www.hdfcfund.com/investor-services/factsheets)

The maximum limit of recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme would be as per Regulation 52 of the SEBI (MF) Regulation, 1996. Investors are requested to read “**Section-Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses**” in the **SID**.

20. Tax Treatment for the Investors (Unit Holders)

Investors are advised to refer to the details in the Statement of Additional Information and also independently refer to their tax advisor.

21. Daily Net Asset Value (NAV) Publication

The AMC shall update the NAVs by 11.00 p.m. on every Business day on the website(s) of AMC and AMFI.

22. For Investor Grievances, Please Contact

| | |
|---|--|
| Investors may contact any of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs) of the AMC for any queries / clarifications at telephone number 1800 3010 6767/ 1800 419 7676 (toll free), e-mail: hello@hdfcfund.com. | Registrar and Transfer Agent: Computer Age Management Services Ltd., Unit: HDFC Mutual Fund 5th Floor, Rayala Tower, 158, Anna Salai, Chennai - 600 002. Telephone No: 044-30212816 Fax No: 044-42032955 Email: enq_h@camsonline.com |
|---|--|

23. Unit Holder's Information

Email ID for communication:

First / Sole Holders should register their own email address and mobile number in their folio for speed and ease of communication in a convenient and cost-effective manner, and to help prevent fraudulent transactions.

Account Statements:

1. The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/ or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).
2. A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds and holdings at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month on registered email address on or before 12th of the succeeding month and by 15th of the succeeding month for those who have opted for physical copy.
3. Half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, if applicable, at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 18th day of succeeding month on registered email address and 21st day of succeeding month through physical copy for those who do not have registered email addresses.

For further details, refer SAI.

Periodic Disclosures:

| Sr. No | Name of the Disclosure | Frequency | Timelines | Disclosed on | Link |
|--------|---------------------------------|-------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 1. | Half Yearly Results (Unaudited) | Half yearly | within one month from the close of each half year i.e. on 31 st March and on 30 th September. | AMC website AMFI website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/scheme-financials https://www.amfiindia.com/otherdata/accounts |

| Sr. No | Name of the Disclosure | Frequency | Timelines | Disclosed on | Link |
|--------|--|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 2. | Annual Report | Annually | not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant account's year (i.e. 31 st March each year). | AMC website AMFI website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/annual-reports https://www.amfiindia.com/otherdata/accounts |
| 3. | Daily Performance Disclosure (after scheme completes six months of existence) | Daily | - | AMFI website | https://www.amfiindia.com/otherdata/fund-performance |
| 4. | Portfolio Disclosure | Monthly/ Half yearly | within 10 days from the close of each month/half-year respectively. | AMC website AMFI website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/portfolio https://www.amfiindia.com/online-center/portfolio-disclosure |
| 5. | Monthly Average Asset under Management (Monthly AAUM) Disclosure | Monthly | within 7 working days from the end of the month. | AMC website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/aum |
| 6. | Scheme and Benchmark Riskometer | Monthly | within 10 days from the close of each month. | AMC website AMFI website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/portfolio https://www.amfiindia.com/online-center/risk-o-meter |
| 7 | Tracking Error | Daily | Daily basis | AMC website AMFI website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/tracking-error https://www.amfiindia.com/otherdata/tracking-error |
| 8 | Tracking Difference (Upon completion of 1 year of the Scheme, tracking difference shall be disclosed on the website of | Monthly | within 10 days from the close of each month. | AMC website AMFI website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/tracking-error https://www.amfiindia.com/otherdata/tracking-error |

| Sr. No | Name of the Disclosure | Frequency | Timelines | Disclosed on | Link |
|--------|--|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| | the AMC and AMFI, on a monthly basis) | | | | |
| 9 | Change in constituents of the index, if any | As and when it is changed | Immediately | AMC website | Refer respective product pages on our website i.e. www.hdfcfund.com |
| 10 | <p>For Debt and Equity ETFs / Index Funds</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name and exposure to top 7 issuers and stocks respectively as a percentage of NAV of the scheme • Name and exposure to top 7 groups as a percentage of NAV of the scheme. • Name and exposure to top 4 sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme. | Monthly basis | - | Monthly factsheet or in Monthly Portfolio – AMC website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/investor-services/factsheets https://www.hdfcfund.com/statutory-disclosure/portfolio |
| 11 | Scheme Summary Documents | Monthly | within 15 days from the close of each month or on changes in any of the specified fields, whichever is | AMC website AMFI website BSE website NSE website | https://www.hdfcfund.com/investor-services/fund-documents/scheme-summary https://www.amfiindia.com/otherdata/scheme-details https://www.bseindia.com/Static/Markets/MutualFunds/listOfAmc.aspx |

| Sr. No | Name of the Disclosure | Frequency | Timelines | Disclosed on | Link |
|--------|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------|---|
| | | | earlier. | | https://www.nseindia.com |
| 12 | Investor Charter | - | As and when updated | AMC website | Investor Charter |

IMPORTANT

Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes pertaining to scheme such as features, load structure, etc. made to the Scheme Information Document/ Key Information Memorandum by issue of addenda/ notice after the date of this Document from the AMC/ Mutual Fund/ Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/ Website/ Distributors or Brokers or Investment Advisers holding valid registrations.